## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

DE1636

Product identifier	: DUPLI-COLOR™ Engine Enamel with Ceramic - Gloss Clear
Product code	: DE1636
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Aerosol.
Recommended use of the c Not applicable.	hemical and restrictions on use
Supplier's details	: The Sherwin-Williams Company 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number	: +1 703-741-5970 (Jamaica, El Salvador, Guyana, Belize) +(1) 868-224-5716 (Trinidad-Tobago)
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sds@sherwin.com
Section 2. Hazard	identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	: AEROSOLS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 30%
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	very toxic to aquatio inc with long lasting chects.
General	: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Descention		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well- ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not esult in classification	:	Please refer to the SDS for additional information.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	
Other means of	
identification	

- : Mixture
  - : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Acetone	≥25 - ≤50	67-64-1
n-Butyl Acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
Propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
Butane	≥10 - ≤25	106-97-8
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	≤5	763-69-9
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤3	1330-20-7
Barium Dinonyl Naphthalene Sulfonate	≤3	25619-56-1
Ethylbenzene	<1	100-41-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	sary first aid measures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/	effec	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	- 1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/sym	otom	<u>IS</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate me	dica	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal</b>	precautions,	protective	equipment and	emergency	procedures

	-	
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent
	material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for
	emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
Acetone		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).	
		TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.	
		STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.	
n-Butyl Acetate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).	
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
Propane		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).	
		Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].	
		Explosive potential.	
Butane		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).	
		Explosive potential.	
		STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.	
Xylene, mixed isomers		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).	
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
		TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	
		STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.	
Ethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).	
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
ate of issue/Date of revision : 2/28/2022	Date of previous issue	: 9/22/2021 Version : 3	5

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	ve cc al: lin	se only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust entilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne ontaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls so need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive nits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	th ca	missions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure bey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some ases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process quipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measured	es	
Hygiene measures	ea Ap W	/ash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before ating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. ppropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. /ash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and afety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	as ga ur	afety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk ssessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, nless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash oggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	be th ch sh dit se	hemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should e worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates is is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, neck during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It nould be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be fferent for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of everal substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately stimated.
Body protection	be be we	ersonal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task eing performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist efore handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, ear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static scharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	SE	ppropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be elected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be oproved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	ap re	ased on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the opropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a espiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important spects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 7
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%
Vapor pressure	: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: 1.55 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.74
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
Heat of combustion	: 29.517 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Barium Dinonyl	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene Sulfonate			00	
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/28/2022 Date of previo	us issue : 9/2	22/2021	Version : 3 7/1
			SHW-A	4-UN-GHS - BZ

## Section 11. Toxicological information

LD50 Oral

Irritation/Corrosion **Product/ingredient name** Result **Species** Score Observation **Exposure** Eyes - Mild irritant Human 186300 ppm Acetone Rabbit Eyes - Mild irritant 10 uL Eyes - Moderate irritant Rabbit 24 hours 20 mg Eyes - Severe irritant Rabbit 20 mg Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit 24 hours 500 mg Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit 395 mg n-Butyl Acetate Eyes - Moderate irritant Rabbit 100 mg Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit 24 hours 500 mg 24 hours 500 Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit mg Xylene, mixed isomers Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit 87 mg Eyes - Severe irritant Rabbit 24 hours 5 mg Skin - Mild irritant Rat 8 hours 60 uL 24 hours 500 Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit mg 100 % Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit Barium Dinonyl Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit 0.1 MI Naphthalene Sulfonate Eyes - Severe irritant Rabbit 0.1 MI Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit 0.5 MI Ethylbenzene Eyes - Severe irritant Rabbit 500 mg Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit 24 hours 15 mg

Rat

3500 mg/kg

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#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone n-Butyl Acetate Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Aspiration hazard** 

Name	Result
Propane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Butane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Not available.
Not available.
Not available.
Not available.
<u>s</u>
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
: : : : : : : : : :

Date of issue/Date of revision

:9/22/2021

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
DUPLI-COLOR™ Engine Enamel with Ceramic	22326.8	37691.6	232508.4	872.2	N/A
Acetone	5800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-Butyl Acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Butane	N/A	N/A	N/A	658	N/A
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	3200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene, mixed isomers	4300	1100	6700	N/A	N/A
Barium Dinonyl Naphthalene Sulfonate	500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7460000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone n-Butyl Acetate Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene		-	Readily Readily Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other adverse effects	: No known signi

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

_	
Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional informat	tion	·	·
IMDG	: <u>Emergency</u>	<u>schedules</u> F-D, S-U	

: Emergency schedules F-D, S-U

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

: All components are listed or exempted.
: All components are listed or exempted.
: Not determined.
: Not determined.
: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
: All components are listed or exempted.
: All components are listed or exempted.
: All components are listed or exempted.
: All components are listed or exempted.
: All components are listed or exempted.
: Not determined.
: All components are active or exempted.
: All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 2/28/2022
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/28/2022
Date of previous issue	: 9/22/2021
Version	: 3
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations</li> </ul>
Procedure used to derive the	e classification

## Section 16. Other information

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 20SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A0CARCINOGENICITY - Category 20	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2       (         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A       (         CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2       (         SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - (       (	Calculation method Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - (	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	
	Calculation method
Catagony 2	
Category 5	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	Calculation method

#### References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.