# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

DUPLI-COLOR™ Engine Enamel with Ceramic

**Gloss Black** 

# Section 1. Identification of the hazardous chemical and of the supplier

GHS product identifier	: DUPLI-COLOR™ Engine Enamel with Ceramic Gloss Black
Product code	: DE1613
Product type	: Aerosol.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Paint or paint related material.

### Uses advised against

Not applicable.

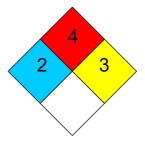
Supplier's details	: Sherwin-Williams Chile, S.A. Avenida La Divisa 0689, Comuna San Bernardo Santiago, Chile 600 200 1222 www.sherwin.cl
Emergency telephone	<ul> <li>In case of chemical emergency, spill or fire call CITUC Químico, Information Center</li></ul>
number (with hours of	for Chemical Emergencies of the Hospital Clínico de la Pontificia Universidad
operation)	Católica Chile, telephone 56 - 22 - 247 3600.
Telephone number for	In case of intoxication or accidental ingestion, call CITUC, Toxicological Information
toxicological information in	: Center of the Facultad de Medicina de la Pontificia Universidad Católica, telephone
Chile	22 635 38 00.

# Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification according to NCh382	Class 2.1: Flammable gas. , UN1950 ,- , AEROSOLES
Symbol according to NCh2190	
Classification of the substance or mixture	: AEROSOLS - Category 1 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

# Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Safety sign according to NCh1411/4	:



Specific classification	Not applicable.	
Specific symbol	: Not applicable.	
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer.	
Specific hazards description	: Not available.	
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Risk of spontaneous combustion. Spraydust, cloth and other contaminated organic material should be wetted and placed in a sealed metal container. Store in a fire-proof place.	

# Section 3. Composition/ components information

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

# Section 3. Composition/ components information

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Acetone	≥25 - ≤50	67-64-1
Propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
Butane	≤10	106-97-8
n-Butyl Acetate	≤10	123-86-4
2-Propoxyethanol	≤3	2807-30-9
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤0.3	22464-99-9
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	≤0.3	96-29-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Over-exposure signs/symptor	ns	
Eye contact :	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	

# Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:	
	respiratory tract irritation	
	coughing	
	nausea or vomiting	
	headache	
	drowsiness/fatigue	
	dizziness/vertigo	
	unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: No specific data.	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### Section 5. Firefighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. media Unsuitable extinguishing : None known. media Specific hazards arising : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with from the chemical the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. **Hazardous thermal** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide decomposition products carbon monoxide **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without for fire-fighters suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. **Special protective** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure equipment for fire-fighters mode.

### Section 6. Measures to be taken in case of accidental spillage

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# Section 6. Measures to be taken in case of accidental spillage

		1 5
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	•	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	onta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	-	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Additional disaster prevention measures	:	Evacuate danger area. Maintain proper ventilation and operate according to established emergency procedures. Do not dispose waste in drains or waterways.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Handling**

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Storage

# Section 7. Handling and storage

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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Values indicated as "Ministry of HEALTH (Chile 4/2015): TWA / STEL" correspond LPP / LPT values under national regulation DS 594

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Acetone	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018). TWA: 1040 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 438 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1782 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Propane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant].
	Explosive potential.
Butane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	Explosive potential.
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl Acetate	Ministry of Health (Chile, 2/2018).
	TWA: 624 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 131 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
-	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.

The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

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proved standard should y to avoid exposure to the following protection her degree of protection	liquid splas on should be	shes, mis e worn,	sts,
oughly after handling ch y and at the end of the d to remove potentially ousing. Ensure that eye tation location.	working pe y contamina	riod. ated cloth	
ocess equipment should environmental protection neering modifications to e emissions to acceptal	on legislatio the proces	on. In son	
Is to keep worker expo	osure to airb The enginee	oorne ering cont	rols
) 	ls to keep worker expo ed or statutory limits. T	ls to keep worker exposure to airb ed or statutory limits. The enginee	se process enclosures, local exhaust ls to keep worker exposure to airborne ed or statutory limits. The engineering cont

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommended gloves: Nitrile gloves
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
	Nota(s): Closed shoes are recommended for protection.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance					
Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Color	:	Not available.			
Odor	:	Not available.			
рН	:	Not applicable.			
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]			
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	1	Lower: 1.26% Upper: 15.8%			
Vapor pressure	:	101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg)			
Relative vapor density	:	1.55 [Air = 1]			
Density	:	0.74 g/cm³			
Relative density	:	0.74			
Solubility	:	Not available.			
Solubility in water	:	Not available.			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.			
Odor threshold	:	Not available.			
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 28, Mar, Date of previous issue : 08, Feb, 2022 2022	Version	:1.15	7/14

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
Heat of combustion	: 28.16 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity				
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).			
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.			
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
n-butyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	3089 mg/kg	-
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
butanone oxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750	-
				ug	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-

# Section 11. Toxicological information

butanone oxime	Eves - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 100 uL	-
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### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate butanone oxime	Category 3 Category 3 Category 1 Category 3	- -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects upper respiratory tract Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
butanone oxime	Category 2	-	blood system

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	1	Not available.
routes of exposure		
Potential acute health effects		

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo	

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

	unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: No specific data.	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate	: Not available.	
effects		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate	: Not available.	
effects		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>	
Not available.		
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
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### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	39881.01 mg/kg 🥄 🥄

# Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 7460000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days	
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days	
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 96 hours	
butanone oxime	Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	

### Persistence/degradability

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
acetone n-butyl acetate	-		Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2.96	low 🥄
butanone oxime	-	2.5 to 5.8	low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and
	landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# Section 14. Transport information

	Mode of transport				
	Ground	Maritime	Air		
Regulations	Chile (NCh2190.Of2003)	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ		
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950		
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLES	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable		
Primary hazard classification UN / Subsidiary hazard classification UN	2.1	2.1	2.1		
Packing group	-	-	-		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.		
Special precautions	-	Emergency schedules F-D, S-U			

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Date of issue/Date of revision

# Section 15. Regulatory information

ocotion to Roga			
Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product	:	DS 43: Regulation for the Storage of Dangerous Substances. DS 148: Sanitary Regulation on the Management of Hazardous Waste. DS 298: Regulates the Transport of Dangerous Goods on Streets and Roads. DS 594: Regulation on Basic Sanitary and Environmental Conditions in Workplace NCh 382: Hazardous Substances Classification. NCh 2190: Transport of Dangerous Goods; Safety Symbols. NCh2245: Safety data sheet for chemical products – Content and order of section DS N°40: Regulation on the prevention of occupational risks. NCh1411/4: Risk prevention - Part 4: identification of hazards of materials.	
International regulations			
Chemical Weapon Conven	tion	List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	
Not listed.			
Montreal Protocol Not listed.			
Stockholm Convention on Not listed.	<u>Per</u>	sistent Organic Pollutants	
Rotterdam Convention on Not listed.	<u>Pric</u>	or Informed Consent (PIC)	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol or Not listed.	<u>1 P(</u>	DPs and Heavy Metals	
International lists			
National inventory			
Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.	
China	:	Not determined.	
Europe	:	Not determined.	
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.	
New Zealand	1	Not determined.	
Philippines	:	Not determined.	
Republic of Korea	1	All components are listed or exempted.	
Taiwan	:	All components are listed or exempted.	
Turkey	:	Not determined.	
United States	:	Not determined.	
The recipient should verify	the	possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical product	

# Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 28, Mar, 2022.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 28, Mar, 2022
Date of previous issue	: 08, Feb, 2022
Version	: 1.15
Version of the Product	: SHW6

Date of previous issue

Section 16. 0	Other information
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations
	LC50 = Median lethal concentration
	LD50: Median lethal dose
	EC50: Half maximal effective concentration
	NOEC: No observed effect concentration
	LPP: Weighted permissible limit
	LPT: Short-term permissible limit
	TWA: Time Weighted Average
	CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
	NA.: No aplicable.
	ND.: No disponible.
Procedure used to derive	

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

SHW-A4-SA-NCh2245:2015-CL